

The Oxford County Citizen.

VOLUME XXII—NUMBER 5.

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1916.

\$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT

By Pupils of Grades 3-4-5-6

Those who were present at the Grange Hall, on Monday evening enjoyed a very interesting entertainment. The children of the third, fourth, fifth and sixth grades furnished the entertainment, the program being substantially the same as given in last week's Citizen. Music, dance, pantomime and recitation followed each other in rapid succession for an hour. All were thoroughly enjoyed and heartily applauded. As it so often happens with children some of the best things were not on the program. The drama, Beowulf, in three acts closed the evening's performance. The fight when Beowulf overcame the monster Grendel was very exciting and a large part of the audience was on its feet at the finish. It is safe to say that had Beowulf and his stalwart soldiers been stationed at Columbus, Villa and his fellow raiders would never have crossed the border. The whole program showed the effect of real preparation. It was evident that Misses Springer and Smith had worked long and diligently. They are to be congratulated upon the fine showing made. About 200 were present. The proceeds will be spent in getting something to make the school better.

TO THE VOTERS OF OXFORD COUNTY.

Monday, June 19, is the day of our Primary Election for the nomination of candidates.

The Direct Primary Law is the people's law, giving them the opportunity to name their candidate for office. The politicians do not like this law and if the people do not take enough interest in who they have for candidates to attend the primaries, this law will certainly be repealed.

When I became a candidate for the Republican nomination for State Senator, I intended to make a canvass of the county, but owing to the extremely wet and backward season which brings planting and road building late into June, I shall be unable to do as I had planned.

However, I have only this I would say to the voters. Leave all personal friendship out of this matter and consider it as a cold blooded business proposition; first, which man in your judgment will be the best man for the county; second, which one will be the strongest candidate and best for the Republican Party; third, which one will best represent your personal interests. After considering all candidates for office go to the polls June 19 and do your duty as citizens and the result will be right.

G. W. Q. PERHAM.
Bryant Pond, Maine,
June 6, 1916.

STATE OF MAINE
Office of Board of State Assessors.
Augusta, June 6, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that the State Assessors will be in session at the Assessors' Office in Fryeburg on Tuesday, the 20th day of June, at 9 o'clock, A. M.; at the Court House in South Paris on Wednesday, the 21st day of June, at 10 o'clock, A. M.; at the Assessors' Office in Rumford on Thursday, the 22nd day of June, at 9 o'clock, A. M.; A. D. 1916, in the County of Oxford, to secure information to enable them to make a just equalization of the taxable property in said county, and to investigate charges of concealment of property from taxation, of undervaluation and of failure to assess property liable to taxation.

B. G. McINTIRE,
J. J. DEARBORN,
W. F. DRESSER,
Board of State Assessors.
F. H. Sterling, Clerk.
6-8-16.

FOR SALE.

The L. N. Wilbur place in Steam Mill Village, Bethel. Some half acre of land. Will be sold at a good bargain. Furniture and furnishings will be included in sale, with some reservations, if desired. Apply to

HERRICK & PARK,
Bethel, Maine.
5-25

FOR SALE—25 horse power stationary gasoline engine in running order and for sale cheap. Inquire of
WESLEY WHELEH,
J. D. Ham Co. Store,
Bethel, Maine.
6-8-16.

May you saw it in the Citizen.

GRANGE NEWS

PARIS GRANGE.

Paris Grange met June 3rd at 2 P. M., with all of the officers present excepting Overseer, A. Steward and Overseer. After the usual routine of business a recess was taken for the exercises of the afternoon and the following program was carried out: Sister Robbins gave a solo, M. G. Joy, superintendent of schools, gave a talk on the needs of our Common Schools; Beryl Silver and Lenore Silver gave a duet; Hon. Alton C. Wheeler spoke of the need of support of our Schools; Ashton Corbett, a reading, "I Wish I Was a Girl"; Walter Corbett, a reading, "A Paper Gentleman"; Gertrude Twitchell compared our schools with those in the South; Sisters Hammond and Robbins sang a duet. Next meeting will be June 17 at 8 P. M.

LONE MT. GRANGE.

The last meeting of Lone Mt. Grange was held as a memorial service and the following program was given:
Song, Grange.
Reminiscences, Mr. Graham.
Reading, Mrs. Chas. Andrews.
Story, Mrs. Burgess.
Reading, Mr. Perkins.
Song, Grange.
Number present, 48. The next meeting will be held Saturday evening, June 10. The program will be as follows:
Grange.
Singing, in charge of O. A. Burgess.
Reading, Mrs. Chas. Andrews.
Music, Sadie Bailey.
Farce, in charge of Effie and Victor Akers.

OXFORD POMONA.

Oxford Pomona Grange held a very successful meeting with Hebron Grange, June 6. All officers present but the chaplain. Eleven granges responded to the roll call. The degree of Pomona was conferred on 10 candidates, all of Hebron Grange. After enjoying a grange dinner work was resumed. Voted to send \$5.00 to Good Will Cottage for Girls. Field day, August 9 at the fair grounds, Norway and South Paris. B. Walker McKenna is to visit with the grange in August. Committee on field day: J. A. Roberts, C. S. Hamlin, L. A. Brooks. A very interesting and entertaining program was given by Hebron Grange, after which a discussion of the question, "What is the best crop to plant at this season?" was discussed by W. M. McIntire and several others. Meeting closed in form. Prof. Yenton was present. Next Pomona with Crook-ol River Grange.

STATE OF MAINE.

COUNTY OF OXFORD, SS:
To the legal voters of the town of Bethel:

You are hereby notified that the primary election in this town, of all political parties, entitled by law to nominate candidates for the next election, will be held at Odeon Hall on Monday, June nineteenth next, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following officers to be voted for at the election to be held on the second Monday in September next, viz:

United States Senator, Governor, State Auditor, Representative to Congress, State Senator, County Attorney, Judge of Probate, Register of Probate, Sheriff, County Commissioner, County Treasurer, Representative to Legislature.

The polls will be open at twelve o'clock, noon, and continue open until nine o'clock in the afternoon, when they will close.

Dated at Bethel this sixth day of June, A. D. 1916.

FRANK A. BROWN,
N. B. RICHARDSON,
P. B. HOWE,

Selectmen of Bethel.
The Selectmen will be in their office Saturday, June 17th, for the purpose of receiving the list of voters.

NOTICE.

To the Members of the Bethel Savings Bank:

You are hereby notified that the annual meeting of the members of the Bethel Savings Bank Corporation will be held at said bank, in Bethel, Maine, on Wednesday, June 14, 1916, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to fill vacancies caused by loss of membership or otherwise; to elect a Board of Trustees and an investigating committee, and to transact any other business that may properly come before the meeting, and to elect other necessary bank officers.

A. E. HERRICK, Secretary.
Bethel, Maine, May 25, 1916.

WHY NOT BUY IT IN MAINE?

BETHEL INN

Happenings of the Week

The Inn has been favored with many motor parties for dinner the past week, many stopping over night. All are enthusiastic over the beauties of Bethel and the comforts to be had at Bethel Inn.

Harry S. Bond and wife of the Hotel Bond, Hartford, Conn., W. H. Valiquette and niece of Hotel Woodstock, New York City, and E. R. Mixer and wife of the Automobile Blue Book Pub. Co., stopped at the Inn on their way to Poland Springs.

Recent arrivals at Bethel Inn: George Wescott Boyer, Portland, Me.; Louis C. Shaw, Portland, Me.; George C. Keep and wife, Portland, Me.; Miss A. B. Palmer, Bethel, Me.; G. V. Palmer, Bethel, Me.; S. H. Palmer, Bethel, Me.; C. N. Wheeler and wife, Berlin, N. H.; John B. Thayer, Lancaster, Mass.; Thos. F. Temple, Lancaster, Mass.; C. G. Beekley, Lancaster, Mass.; A. C. Chickering, Lancaster, Mass.; Harry S. Bond and wife, Hartford, Conn.; W. H. Valiquette, New York; Miss Marie Olivette, New York; E. R. Mixer and wife, New York; Mrs. F. H. Rose, Cleveland; Leon A. Hart and wife, Hartford, Conn.; Harold Moore, Portland, Me.

GOULD'S ACADEMY

Tuesday was the last day of exams.

The Seniors have been busy this week, getting ready for graduation.

The base ball team lost to Norway High School last Saturday by a score of 13 to 2.

Members of the Y. W. C. A. with invited friends enjoyed a bacon bat on Grover Hill last Saturday evening.

William Hall has been elected a delegate and Herbert Bean an alternate to the Y. M. C. A. school at Northfield this summer.

Miss Annie Cummings, Miss Ernestine Philbrook and Miss Ida Packard have been chosen delegates to attend the summer meeting of the No. E. division of the Y. W. C. A. at Camp Makonkey, Martha's Vineyard.

EGGS.

Decoster Strain Burred Plymouth Rocks. Eggs 50 cents per setting of 15 until June 15th.

F. B. MERRILL.

LOST.

Somewhere in Bethel village, a small box containing a pair of gold bowd glasses with owners name on box. Find or please leave at Citizen Office. 6-8-16.

THE GOLDEN AGE OF NEW ENGLAND

Paper Written by Mrs. A. E. Herrick for the Library Institute

This makes no pretensions to being a proper, well-ordered paper. It is simply a talk, what I should like to say if I were so fortunate as to have each of you come to make me a call, and we should fall to chatting upon those most fascinating of topics, books and authors, old and new. I say now—before you have a chance to discover it for yourself—that there is no method in it. It never would have been, had Miss Thurston not been insistent and I, as I say in her hands. It is frankly rambling, and what languid interest it may possess, is, therefore, not for the young, to whom it will doubtless be a stumbling block and foolishness.

The other day I was talking with a friend who said she was sorry for the young people of this day because they had not had familiarity with the literature upon which we were reared. Whereupon we fell to enumerating the disadvantages accruing to the youth of the present age.

I am exactly as old as the Atlantic Monthly, and I have seen the world revolutionized in my time. I was born, and grew up, in a New England village, like this, except for coast habits and traditions. But typical of New England life in the time, which I maintain was its Golden Age. We had passed, in villages, the age of spinning and weaving, but our stockings were hand knitted. The sewing was done wholly by hand, except that our next door neighbor had a tiny sewing machine which was screwed on to a table and run by turning a crank, and it was viewed with suspicion. Sheets were in two breadths sewed together over and over, with broad hems on each end. These symbolize the simplicity of the life, which was equally primitive in every particular. But what possible connection can such homely details have with books and reading? Much. Because when gentlemen sat down at two o'clock in the afternoon, as was their custom, to those interminable seams, they often had the habit of taking turns in reading aloud.

They sat down, let me say in passing, calmly, with the certainty of staying there. People were not whisked to the ends of the earth and back again of an afternoon in those days. Then a drive to the neighboring town was an event, attended with a good deal of pleasurable excitement. Now if you happen to sit down yourself, all the rest of the world is rushing like mad before your windows. I have lived through so many innovations that I confidently expect to see, before I die, my breakfast dropped down upon the back door step from an aeroplane. What wonder that people nowadays have restless minds!

They read Scott and Thackeray and Dickens (we had Our Mutual Friend and Great Expectations serially) and Hawthorne and the wicked Brontës and Trollope, and later, George Eliot, though sewing machines had come in in her day, and she never had a fair chance. These for the intellectually unimpaired. The more seriously minded, who had searchings of conscience as to novel reading, yet wove Mrs. Stowe into the seams, and Longfellow and Whittier, Holmes, Lowell and Tennyson. Never shall I forget the excitement over Hilda and Ethel Arden, and the Grandmother's Apology, which appeared in Harper's Weekly and was especially popular.

Browning was too cryptic for such a remote transatlantic village, though more cosmopolitan Americans were giving him his first following, and his wife was highly spoken of. Whittier today is quite taboo, and I take my reputation in my hand by mentioning him among poets at all. All the rest to be sure, are relegated to the shades by Miss Amy Lowell (her of the Free Verse) who says that America has produced but two poets, Poe and Whitman. We too were familiar with The Bells and The Raven above the Chamber Door and Beautiful Annabelle Lee. She may have Poe in her dreary, exclusive Garden of Verses. We will still, despite her withering verdicts, keep our dear Sangers in our larger, sunnier plot. There are many of us who feel that the Commemoration Ode marks the nobler heights of American verse. Hoskins was then pouring forth in

(Continued on page 4.)

(Continued on page 4.)

WANT COLUMN.

Put your Want and Sale notices here and they will be read in 3,000 Oxford County homes—4 lines, 1 week, 25c. 3 weeks 50c.

DEY CLEANING AND PRESSING.
Promptly and satisfactorily done.
WET WASH AND ROUGH DRY on Mondays and Tuesdays.

FANCY IRONING.

Your laundry work is solicited.

DOMESTIC HAND LAUNDRY,
RALPH H. YOUNG, Prop.,
4-13-16. Bethel, Maine.

NOTICE.

I wish to announce to the people of Bethel and vicinity that I am prepared to do all kinds of plumbing and repair work at a reasonable price, also sheet metal work. All work carefully and promptly attended to.

ALBERT BURKE,

Bethel, Maine.

Telephones—Shop, 19—12; Res., 29—7.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

AUTO AND TEAM CONVEYANCE
C. C. BRYANT,
2 Mechanic Street, Bethel, Maine.
Telephone Connection.

5-4-16.

DR. AUSTIN TENNEY, Oculist.

Practice limited to diseases of the Eye and the fitting of Glasses. Office at house of Clarence Hall, Bethel. Last Saturday of every month. All work guaranteed.

FOR SALE.

The outside route of the Grand Union Tea Co., together with horses, cart, sled, etc. Will give full particulars to anyone interested.

W. A. BRAGG,
4-13-16. Bethel, Maine.

NOTICE

Shoe Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to, with the best of leather and the prices are right. Thick Soles, Thin Soles, Flexible Soles for tender feet, and Rubber Soles, also Rubber Heels.

I have a good line of Shoe Laces of all kinds and colors, and all kinds of Shoe Oil and Paste.

I am also carrying a few good Rubber Sole Oxfords. Come in and see them. Parcel Post orders receive prompt attention.

A. B. BUXTON,
Main Street, Bethel, Maine.
5-11.

DOWEL MEN WANTED.

Six men wanted who are familiar with the dowel business. Good wages and steady work.

WM. P. BRAUN & SON, INC.,
5-25 Deering Junction, Maine.

FOR SALE.

1 desk, 1 screen, 1 platform rocker, 1 clothes pole, 1 rug, 2 bamboo bookcases. Inquire at Holden Hall, Bethel, Me. 6-1-16.

FARM FOR SALE.

Farm located in Upton, Maine, near Umbagog Lake; large house and barn in good condition; 184 acres, 20 acres in tillage and pasture, cuts 20 tons of hay, wood lot timbered with hard wood and some small growing pulp. Good place for summer visitors. Terms cash. CHARLES C. THOMPSON,
Upton, Maine.

FOR SALE.

The L. T. Barker place on Main street, Bethel, Maine, 10 room house, all and stable with about 3-4 acre land. Inquire of

E. S. KILBORN,
Bethel, Maine.
6-8-16.

SUMMER MOCCASINS

For Ladies' and Gent's.

CALKE MOCCASINS

For bark peelers. A fine shoe for the purpose.

WHITE AND TENNIS SHOES

in great variety.

A few more of those bargains in Ladies' Pumps at \$1.50.

SHOE REPAIRING.

YOUNG'S SHOE STORE.
Phone 14-4.

NEW MERCHANDISE

That will surely please, right up to the minute in style, reasonably priced. Come and see the new things.

WHITE ICELAND FOX BOAS

\$3.95, \$4.95
The very latest for the neck, very soft and fluffy. Don't fail to see these boas.

SUN SHADES

Beautiful colorings in silks, plain and fancy, choice hand-les, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$1.95, \$2.95, \$3.95.

FOR THE GIRL GRADUATE

LONG SILK GLOVES, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

BEAUTIFUL FANS, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$1.95.

SILK HOSIERY, 25c, 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50.

Choice new Underwear of Batiste, Muslin and Crepe de Chine.

WHITE DRESS SKIRTS

98c, \$1.25, \$1.75, \$1.98, \$2.98

We are showing an excellent line in the most wanted materials in very pleasing styles.

MIDDY BLOUSES

98c to \$1.49

Blouses will be worn more this season than ever before. We have a large assortment in plain white and the new stripes.

PALM BEACH SUITS

\$7.45, Several Styles

Natural color, wash as beautifully as linen, very cool and comfortable for a summer's day.

BROWN, BUCK & Co.

Formerly Thomas Smiley

Norway,

Maine

GROUND GRIPPER SHOES

If you have trouble with your feet and want comfort, service and satisfaction, come here and be fitted to a pair of GROUND GRIPPER SHOES. Men's Boots, \$6.00; Oxfords, \$5.50; Women's Boots, \$6.00; Oxfords, \$5.50; and they are surely worth all that they cost. Please remember if you want footwear of any kind you can find it here.

E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.,

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,

NORWAY, MAINE.

Telephone, 38-2

IRA C. JORDAN

DEALER IN

General Merchandise

and Grain

BETHEL, MAINE

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

Hardwood Flooring

T & G & M, Hollow Back, Butted, Bored, and Kiln Dried.

Novelty Siding and Roofing for Camps and Garages.

Windows and Doors

and all kinds of Building Material.

CHAS. G. BLAKE,

NORWAY,

MAINE.

BETHEL AND VICINITY.

The Ladies' Aid will meet at the vestry, Friday afternoon.

Judge A. E. Herrick held Probate Court at Fryeburg, Tuesday.

Durward Mason and Gordon Allen were in Bethel, one day last week.

Mr. Harry Carter of Berlin, N. H., was a guest of his sisters, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Douglass from Newry Corner were in Bethel, Monday.

Mrs. Ralph Perkins of So. Paris is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank Bartlett.

Mrs. Marshall of Portland is a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albion Holt.

Miss Maria Robertson was in So. Paris one day last week, calling on relatives.

Mr. Leonard M. Pratt of Roxbury, Mass., is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Farwell.

Mrs. Gertrude Everett was a guest of her mother, Mrs. Roswell Frost, at Norway, Monday.

B. W. Kimball and daughter, Miss Alice Kimball, returned home from Berlin last Saturday.

Mrs. Helen Tyler of West Bethel was a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Blon Brown, last week.

Mr. Forest Conant of Hebron was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Young a few days last week.

Mr. Everett Smith is working for his father at Middle Intervale and boarding at O. A. Buck's.

Mr. Frank Hamlin of Berlin, N. H., was a guest of his sister, Miss Annie Hamlin, a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Bennett are moving into the rent recently vacated by Mr. H. S. Pushard and family.

Mr. Clyde Lowe went to Boston, Tuesday, where he will spend a few weeks with his brother, Mr. Allison Lowe.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry King are receiving congratulations on the birth of a fifteen pound son, born Wednesday, May 31.

Mr. A. Van Don Korekoven accompanied Mr. Oscar Schander of Massachusetts on a trip around the mountains this week.

Mr. Phillip Wight, who has finished work at Rumford, was in Bethel, Monday, on his way to Auburn, where he has employment.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wood were in So. Paris last week, Wednesday, to attend the wedding of Mr. Wood's son, Lester Wood, to Alta Rand.

Mrs. John Swan was in Berlin, Sunday and Monday, called there by the death of her nephew, Harry Bartlett's little boy, Lowell Bartlett.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Farwell and Mr. L. A. Pratt attended the funeral of Mr. Pratt's brother, Mr. A. B. Pratt, at West Paris last Thursday.

Misses Frances and Florence Carter have finished their school in Portland and returned home, Saturday. They were accompanied home by Miss Watkins of St. Johnsbury, who will spend several days.

AN IDEAL SPRING LAXATIVE

A good and time tried remedy is Dr. King's New Life Pills. The first dose will move the sluggish bowels, stimulate the liver and clear the system of waste and blood impurities. You owe it to yourself to clear the system of body poisons, accumulated during the winter. Dr. King's New Life Pills will do it. 25c at your Druggist. Adv.

Mrs. Angie Clark was in Norway, Saturday.

Mrs. A. E. Herrick went to Portland, Monday, to spend a few days.

Mrs. Venie Brown and daughter, Betty, were in Norway, Saturday.

Miss Helen Staples of Hanover was calling on friends in town, Sunday.

Mrs. Ellen Blaboe of So. Paris is visiting her mother, Mrs. Sarah Frost.

Mrs. George Robertson of So. Paris is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Fox.

Mr. Earl Friese of Hinckley, Me., is a guest of his aunt, Mrs. G. L. Thurston.

Supt. and Mrs. Frank H. Byram spent the week end at their home in Freeport.

Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Little spent a few days at their cottage in Freeport last week.

Mr. Frank Bean from the University of Maine was calling on friends in town, Monday.

Mrs. Henry Austin and son, Charles, spent the week end with relatives in Shelburne, N. H.

Mrs. Roswell Frost of Norway was a week end guest of her granddaughter, Mrs. D. T. Durell.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Barker of Hanover were callers at Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Hastings', Sunday.

Mrs. William Kendall and son, Lewis, of Gorham, N. H., were week end guests of Mrs. W. H. Young.

Mr. George E. Bartlett of Dorchester, Mass., was calling on friends in Hanover and Bethel last week.

Mr. L. A. Pratt of Roxbury, Mass., was a guest of his daughter, Mrs. H. M. Farwell, a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edson Mayford of Hanover attended the baccalaureate sermon at the Congregational church, Sunday.

Harry Pennoek and wife from Albany were dinner guests of his sister, Mrs. Fred Taylor, one day last week.

Messrs. Geo. A. Thurlow, Geo. L. Lary and O. L. Robertson of Gorham, N. H., were business visitors in town last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Young entertained Mrs. Young's brother, Dr. Harry Nevers and Mr. Strout, Mr. Hibbard, Mr. Thompson and Mr. Remick of Lawrence, Mass., last Thursday.

Rather an unusual thing happened one night last week at Frank Brooks' near So. Bethel, when a large buck deer broke a new harrow pole. The pole was painted a bright red and it is supposed that this was what attracted the deer, the tracks showed where he had charged it several times and did not seem content until he had it broken.

BLUE STORES

We've many "Cool things" and good things in Men's Toggery! The Man who cares most about having the right style, and the Man who thinks first of his pocket book, will both come here for their Outfitting.

Cool Negligee Shirts that are handsome and different 50c - \$1.00 - \$1.50

Cool Underwear in a choice variety of the best makes 25c - 50c - \$1.00 - \$1.50

Cool Washable Neckwear 10c - 15c - 25c

Cool Hosiery

Arrow Collars, soft and laundered

Cool Hats

Everything Up-to-date in Men's and Boys' Wearing Apparel

F. H. NOYES CO.

NORWAY

(2 Stores)

SOUTH PARIS

GASOLINE

More Power and Less Carbon in That Good Gulf Gasolene than any other gasolene sold, AND IT COSTS NO MORE.

CARVER'S, Exclusive Agent

The Ladies' Club will be omitted this week.

Mrs. J. H. Howe and little daughter, Agnes, of East Bethel are visiting at the home of Mrs. B. W. Kimball.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Young and Miss Mona Martyn accompanied Mr. Forest Conant to his home in Hebron, Sunday, returning Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Folsom came down from Boston, Saturday. Mrs. Folsom will spend the month of June with her brother, Mr. W. E. Bosserman. Mr. Folsom returned Tuesday.

Among those who attended the Universalist State Convention at Norway the first of the week were: Rev. J. H. Little, Mrs. John Burbank, Mrs. F. L. Edwards and Mrs. O. M. Mason.

Our New Soda Fountain

has been filled and we are ready to supply you with various delicious combinations.

TRY OUR

Odd Fellows Sundae or Egg Mist

BETHEL FRUIT STORE

SAFETY FIRST

Oxford County offers the Best Trades in Maine Today

Get back to the land and to health. Raise corn, fruit, stock, or poultry. The farmer gets the 1st and best living. Be a farmer. We can offer today the following:

100 acres, \$1500 Pine Timber, estimated 700 cbs. hardwood, 30 acres in nice smooth tillage, very fine set of buildings, house of 7 rooms, all in good repair, shed, connected with a very nice barn 30 by 48 ft. Good cellars under both barn and house, running spring water service to all bldgs. Included at \$1350 are 5 cows, farm wagon, mowing machine, express wagon, cream tank etc. Farm alone \$4000, \$1500 down gets it.

THE DENNIS PIKE REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENCY

NORWAY, MAINE

CONTEST CLOSES POSITIVELY ON JUNE 15.

Bring in your votes for the School Girl whom you wish to have the \$5 in Gold.

HAZEL ARNO, 277

DORIS SOMERVILLE, 139

ERMINIE RABIDEAU, 119

BLANCHE HERRICK, 97

ALBERTA STEARNS, 96

EDITH SOPER, 37

NAOMI SMITH, 31

VIVIAN WIGHT, 10

FLORENCE CROSS, 10

DOROTHY GLINES, 3

DOROTHY HUTCHINS, 2

MYRTLE BROOKER, 1

ONE VOTE FOR EVERY 100 PURCHASE GIVEN AT 4 STORES ONLY. For particulars inquire of

W. E. BOSSERMAN,
C. K. FOX,

E. H. YOUNG,
E. P. LYON.

THE HOME CIRCLE

Pleasant Reveries—A Column Dedicated to Tired Mothers as they Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

FOOD.

Dorothea Beach, Instructor in H. Economics in Farmers' Week Co.

In considering this subject, the question which comes to one's mind is "What is food?" "A food may be defined as anything which, when taken into the body, is capable either of pairing its waste or of furnishing with material from which to produce heat or nervous and muscular power. Our bodies are like engines which need fuel, and fresh air to produce and energy. The fuel which we put into our bodies is the food we eat. Fresh air is necessary to make this fuel burn up so that we get the desired and energy.

The body is made up of tiny cells in which chemical changes are taking place constantly. Old worthless material is being cast aside and replaced by new material. The food which we eat must supply the chemical elements which are necessary to bring about these changes. Food is made up of bon, hydrogen, nitrogen, oxygen, phosphorus, iron, phosphorus, etc., combined in such a way that the cells of the body can use them as fuel. These combinations are called "food principles."

There are five food principles: carbohydrates, proteins, fats, water and ash constituents or mineral matter. Most foods contain some of each of these food principles but the foods classified under the principle of water have the largest percentage of position.

1. The foods which bring about growth and repair in the body are called protein foods and contain nitrogen. The protein foods which are of animal origin are meat, fish, eggs, milk, cheese. These of vegetable origin are beans, peas, lentils and nuts.

2. The foods which produce energy and force are the carbohydrates and starches—potatoes, rice, corn, cereals, tapioca and sago,—fats, and gar.

3. Vegetables with little or no starch and fruits, fresh or cooked, are necessary to the body for they bulk to the food which helps the movement of the intestines, and they contain mineral salts. So cabbage, turnips, parsnips, beets, lettuce, celery, spinach, tomatoes, squash, cucumbers, etc., are an essential place in the diet.

Water is very necessary to the body. There is a great deal of water in food but this needs to be supplemented by drinking plenty of water between meals and some water with the meals. An adult should drink three pints of water daily.

During the day the adult should eat about one part protein food and all five parts of other food. If at a meal some food is selected from each of the three groups named above, the diet will be fairly well balanced.

Little Margaret's aunt had been for several weeks, and had lost all her weight. On seeing her for the first time she also got out, Margaret cried, "My, what a change! how you have evaporated!"—Chicago Tribune.

HELP FOR WORKING WOMEN

Some Have to Keep on Until They Almost Drop. How Mrs. Conley Got Help.

Here is a letter from a woman who had to work, but was too weak and suffered too much to continue. How she regained health:

Frankfort, Ky.—"I suffered so much with female weakness that I could do my own work. I had to hire it done. I heard so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound that I tried it. I took the bottles and I feel like to be all right. Now I feel well as ever. I did not know I was able to do all my own work again."

This famous remedy, the medical ingredients of which are derived from native roots and herbs, has for years proved to be a most valuable and invigorating for the female organism.

All women are invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special advice.—It will be confidential.

THE HOME CIRCLE.

Pleasant Reveries—A Column
Dedicated to Tired Mothers
as they Join the Home
Circle at Evening Tide.

FOOD.

Dorothea Beach, Instructor in Home
Economics in Farmers' Week Course.

In considering this subject, the first question which comes to one's mind is, "What is food?" "A food may be defined as anything which, when taken into the body, is capable either of repairing its waste or of furnishing it with material from which to produce heat or nervous and muscular work."

Our bodies are like engines which need fuel, and fresh air to produce heat and energy. The fuel which we put into our bodies is the food we eat. The fresh air is necessary to make this food burn up so that we get the desired heat and energy.

The body is made up of tiny living cells in which chemical changes are taking place constantly. Old worthless material is being cast aside and replaced by new material. The food which we eat must supply the chemical elements which are necessary to bring about these changes. Food is made up of carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, oxygen, sulphur, iron, phosphorus, etc., combined in such a way that the cells of the body can use them as fuel. These combinations are called "food principles."

There are five food principles—carbohydrates, proteins, fats, water and ash constituents or mineral matter. Most foods contain some of each of these food principles but the foods are classified under the principle of which they have the largest percentage composition.

1. The foods which bring about growth and repair in the body are called protein foods and contain nitrogen. The protein foods which are of animal origin are meat, fish, eggs, milk and cheese. Those of vegetable origin are beans, peas, lentils and nuts.

2. The foods which produce heat and force are the carbohydrates, or starchy foods—potatoes, rice, corn, cereals, tapioca and sago—fats, and sugar.

3. Vegetables with little or no starch and fruits, fresh or cooked, are very necessary to the body for they give bulk to the food which helps the movement of the intestines, and they give mineral salts. So cabbage, turnips, parsnips, beets, lettuce, celery, spinach, tomatoes, squash, cucumbers, etc., find an essential place in the diet.

Water is very necessary to the body. There is a great deal of water in food but this needs to be supplemented by drinking plenty of water between meals and some water with the meals. The adult should drink three pints of water daily.

During the day the adult should eat about one part protein food and about five parts of other food. If at each meal some food is selected from each of the three groups named above, the diet will be fairly well balanced.

Little Margaret's aunt had been ill for several weeks, and had lost flesh. On seeing her for the first time after she got out, Margaret cried, "My, auntie, how you have evaporated!"—Chicago Tribune.

HELP FOR WORKING WOMEN

Some Have to Keep on Until
They Almost Drop. How
Mrs. Conley Got Help.

Here is a letter from a woman who had to work, but was too weak and suffered too much to continue. How she regained health:

Frankfort, Ky.—"I suffered so much with female weakness that I could not do my own work, had to hire it done. I heard so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I tried it. I took three bottles and I found it to be all you claim. Now I feel as well as ever I did and am able to do all my own work again. I recommend it to any woman suffering from female weakness. You may publish my letter if you wish."—Mrs. JAMES CONLEY, 516 St. Clair St., Frankfort, Ky.

No woman suffering from any form of female troubles should lose hope until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from native roots and herbs, has for forty years proved to be a most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism.

All women are invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special advice.—It will be confidential.

CANTON

The sudden death of Frank Oliver Proctor, an esteemed citizen of Canton, occurred Friday evening. Mr. Proctor had been in his usual good health and had been at work on his land that day. Between nine and ten o'clock he was found dead a short distance back of his barn. Mr. Proctor was born in Canton, the son of Oliver Feno Proctor and Mary Foie Proctor and was 66 years of age. He was twice married, his first wife being Miss Olive Bearce. For his second wife he married Miss Abbie Stetson, a daughter of Oren and Lydia Ames Stetson. One child was born to them, a daughter, Caro, who married Leon O. Harding and lives in Canton. They have one son, Frank, named for his grandfather. Besides his wife, daughter and grandchild he is survived by an aged aunt, Mrs. Hattie Reynolds, Canton, and three cousins, Caleb E. Mendall of Hartford, and W. A. Reynolds and J. N. Foye of Canton. Mr. Proctor had passed his entire life in Canton. He was an honored member of Whitney Lodge, No. 169, F. & A. M., and of Androscegonia Royal Arch Chapter of Livermore Falls. The funeral was held Monday at 12:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Harriet A. Holt, wife of Charles Otis Holt, of 135 College street, Lewiston, died Thursday night after a few days illness of bright's disease at the age of 68 years. Mrs. Holt was a former esteemed citizen of Canton, where she was born Feb. 14, 1848, the daughter of Simon Bicknell and Alvira Hayford Bicknell. She married Mr. Holt in Canton, Dec. 6, 1865. She was a member of Mount Olivet Church, O. E. S., and of the First Universalist church of Lewiston. She leaves a husband, two daughters, Mrs. R. A. Goss of Sanford, and Mrs. C. Franklin Packard of Lewiston, one sister, Miss Abbie O. Bicknell of Canton, and one brother, James W. Bicknell of Canton. A son, Victor E., passed away many years ago and a brother, Frank E. Bicknell, passed away last December. Two grandchildren, Franklin and Victor Eugene Packard, also survive. The remains were brought to Canton, Sunday, and buried in Pine Woods cemetery. Relatives and friends joined the funeral party at the cemetery, where prayer was offered by Rev. C. H. B. Soliger. The floral tributes were in great profusion and included a beautiful piece from the Eastern Star, and many others. Among those from out of town were: C. O. Holt, Miss A. O. Bicknell, Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Goss, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Packard and two children of Lewiston, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Thompson of Auburn, Mrs. Angie Decoster of So. Paris and G. Hayford of Byron.

Miss Helen Graves spent the week end at her home in Topsham. A ball game on the Canton grounds, Saturday, between the high school nines of Canton and Dixfield, resulted in a great victory for the visiting nine, the score being 18 to 0.

H. S. Decker of Mechanic Falls was in town last week.

Maurice Hathaway and daughter have returned to their home in Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Frederick Schaffer of Naugatuck, Conn., has been a guest of her sister, Mrs. F. W. Morse. Her mother, Mrs. Spaulding, returned home with her for a visit.

The annual field day of the O. E. S. will be held at Bethel, August 3rd. Mrs. Arthur M. Packard and little daughter of Dixfield have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Packard.

Mrs. Mary Nickerson of Winthrop is employed at Pinewood camp. The children's Sabbath school concert of the Universalist church will be held June 18th.

A pleasant meeting of the Universalist Circle was held Thursday with Mrs. Julia Hollis. Refreshments of sherbet and fancy crackers were served.

A dance will be held at Canton Point next Friday evening.

Mrs. L. F. Roberts and Miss Dorothy Hayes will give an entertainment at Mechanic Falls, Thursday evening. They will go to Hamford to furnish entertainment to the Elks ladies night, June 15th.

Agnes Heald has been visiting in East Sumner.

Mrs. J. K. Forhan is visiting her son, Dr. Nell K. Forhan, and wife of North Billerica, Mass.

Mrs. Vinie Grover of Andover has been a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Darrington.

Mrs. May Johnson of Haddon has been visiting Mrs. David Freeman.

Patsy Mongillo is making improvements on his house which he recently purchased.

Harrison Dragg and family have moved to Gilbertville.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hathaway have returned to their home in Melrose, Mass.

Mrs. Poulin and little son have been visiting at Sabattus.

Merton Ellis of Rumford is visiting his parents, A. W. Ellis and wife.

Mrs. A. F. Russell is slowly gaining in strength.

Mrs. N. F. Thompson spent Saturday in Lewiston.

G. Mayford of Byron has been a

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ZIRA is smoked in clubs, restaurants, hotels, on the links, on yachts.
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BETTER TOBACCO MADE THEM FAMOUS

guest of his daughter, Mrs. Geo. H. Johnson, and family.

LOCKE'S MILLS.

Mrs. W. H. Crockett attended grange meeting at Bryant's Pond, Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Tobbetts and children visited with relatives at Auburn and Durham the week end.

Mrs. Clara Brown is a guest of her son, Roy, and family at Berlin, N. H.

Mrs. King Bartlett and daughter visited with her mother at North Leeds the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Coolidge are receiving a visit from her sister and husband.

Edna Mason of South Woodstock visited with relatives, Sunday.

BRYANT'S POND.

Changes in the old high school building are nearly completed and with the old and main building there will be three good sized tenements, two of which are soon to be occupied by the families of James Ring and Fred Farman.

Fraternals Lodge, Knights of Pythias, will hold their annual Memorial service on Sunday, June 11, at 1 o'clock P. M. The address for the occasion is to be delivered by Chester Gore Miller, pastor of the Paris and Norway Universalist church. The fraternity announces that the service will commence promptly at the hour mentioned above.

"On to Victory," a two act drama will be presented Friday evening by

members of the Woodstock High school. Music by Webber's orchestra.

Harold Gammon was in South Paris, Saturday, to attend a meeting of the Democratic County committee.

Work was commenced on both sections of the State highway. The Locke's Mills portion is in charge of Gen. L. Cushman and the other section, commencing at the summit of Merrifield Hill is being built by a crew under G. W. Q. Perham.

Rev. C. G. Miller of South Paris will occupy the Universalist pulpit here through his vacation. This will include two Sabbaths in July and the month of August.

The Bragdon show at the opera house, Saturday evening was well attended.

The Stanley series are very interesting and are to be continued.

NEWBY.

O. H. Learned lost a horse recently and Rob Eaman a dog.

F. I. French has a crew of men cutting pulp on the Bartlett place.

O. H. Learned has three men at work in the woods.

Elmer Bailey called at A. H. Powers' last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Powers and son took dinner at C. E. Burgess' last Sunday.

O. H. L. Powers has a housekeeper. His health is quite poor.

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN.

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY FRED B. MERRILL.

BETHEL, MAINE.

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. If not paid in advance \$2.00 will be charged.

Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1908 at the post office at Bethel, Maine.

THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1916.

THE GOLDEN AGE.

Continued from page 1.

winged words his heterodox opinions, every one of which has been since incorporated in practical form into the civic life of an England which derived him. Carlyle culminated gloriously at Chelsea. Our remote, elated Emerson, who is probably more widely known and highly held in Europe than any other literary American, was sending forth his oracular utterances. People know too their Shakespeare and Milton and the Lake Poets—worldly-minded, their Byron and Keats and Gibbon and Hume. But I am speaking more particularly of those we had at first hand.

To this day, Thursday is a better day than any other to me, a more auspicious well-remembered day, because when I was a little girl our village library of some few hundred volumes was open on Thursday. The Youth's Companion too came on that day. And my mother sent to the sewing circle which my father repaired for supper, and I could read unmolested and untroubled, all the afternoon and evening, till finally driven to an undesired bed.

Then the Bible People were supposed to read it through from Genesis to Revelations, not skipping the genealogies, once a year or so. Not only that, but infinitely better, children were made to commit to memory verses after verses of the matchless literature. What matter if we did attack impenetrable mysteries in the first chapter of John, always the "careless fool for infant mind! What matter if the Higher Criticism has knocked the ground from beneath our feet? I question if there is a middle-aged person here who does not hold as the most valuable legacy of an old time New England childhood the intimate knowledge of the phraseology of the Bible which came from the habit, now largely discontinued, unfortunately, of learning and repeating it by rote. We had the stately church hymns, words and music grandly matched, not the ephemeral jingles of this day. I did not intend to come to the present day here. But as I shall not touch this point again and as I frankly took at the outset a go-as-you-please gait, I wish to say now that I would give a good deal to see in some form of community music a revival of those magnificent old hymns, that the young people of this day might become acquainted with them, and also a revival of the old custom of children learning and repeating Bible verses.

Literature, then as now, was quickened into flower by war. People were called, as today, to the supreme experience of losing themselves in a cause. Then, as now, hearts were broken and homes desolated. There were transfiguring faiths and exalted heroisms. Brave, chivalrous young Theodore Winthrop was the Rupert Brooke of his time. Cecil Dromey, a novel largely forgotten now, probably unknown to this generation, was a sacred book consecrated by the shell blood of its gallant writer.

Those were the days of the lecture bureau. Every town had its winter course of lectures. Wendell Phillips, the matchless orator, the silver-tongued George William Curtis, the versatile Dr. Edward Everett Hale, Thomas Wentworth Higginson, brave transcendentalist and boisterous, only lately gone, and many others, journeyed from town to town giving thoughtful lectures before audiences fitted to appreciate them. There were to be sure occasional shy youths to letters home at frosty "square chamber" beds. And it was an austere civilization which existed without furnaces or steam heat. But are moving pictures always consistent with a better?

The simplicity of dress in that Golden Age of New England can hardly be imagined in this day of grace.

A most interesting book "Reminiscences of My Mother" by Mrs. Susan Lesley gives a vivid picture of life among New England gentle folk in the

Cataract Cannot Be Cured
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Cataract is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. HARRIS CATARACT CURE is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. HARRIS CATARACT CURE is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best medicines known, combined with the best blood purifier, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing cataracts. Read for testimonials. Free. F. J. CHERRY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, prices 25c. Send them a Family Plan for consultation.

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middle of the last century, slightly earlier than the time of which I have been speaking. Her mother was of a well known Milton family and the wife of Judge Lyman of Northampton, Mass., a town then, as now, a centre of literary culture. Mrs. Lyman was a woman of great mental ability and strength of character, and was quite the Grand Dame of the town and vicinity. She writes her daughter, a student in Mr. Emerson's boarding-school in Boston, that she does hope she will like the clock she is sending as she has had it made by a pattern from New York and at a cost of \$1.45. Mrs. Lyman's own wardrobe which seemed amply sufficient for her needs—and they entertained largely and every celebrity who came within reach—consisted of a best black silk with lace, a second black silk, which she called "her vessel of dishonor," and two print gowns. To how many of us now, who see the mind race after swiftly changing fashions, and who quail before the certainty that the skirt of one season will be too full, or too scant, too long, or too short, for the next, come visions of the serene, well-bred, unexposed ladies of our childhood days, whose bonnets and gowns held good season after season, so long as the rich material of which they were fashioned, and which was the supreme test of their excellence, lasted.

I have seen the simplicity of living give way to bewildering complexity. That for the worse. The old spirit of religious mysticism, our Puritan legacy, has gone, bearing with it much which is a distinct loss. Look through an old photograph album. You will see there a vanished type. Men and women who lived, as they believed, in the immediate presence of a personal God (not merely "a power which makes for righteousness") under a sense of strict accountability to him, in intimate communion with him, knew a height and depth of spiritual experience to which the narrowness of their outward life gave no clue. But in place of the old mysticism has come a new translation of religion into civic service. Never has the world been so full of organized Christianity as now. The trained nurse has taken the place of the sympathetic neighbor who came in by turns to "sit up" with the sick. Social work is with efficient methods replace haphazard, short-sighted giving. The senseless jelling up of superfluous luxuries, the decadent age. Countless organized channels of helpfulness indicate an upward trend. The balance can not as yet be accurately struck.

Nor can it in the world of books. Yet it is interesting to inquire who today all the place of the men of the past. In New England, at first glance, no one, in the field of fiction. Who elsewhere in the English speaking world? Mr. Howells is the most charming of essayists. As a novelist he exists in reality and has probably done more than any one else to exalt the so-called school of realists, who write about ugly, sordid facts and ugly, commonplace people, whom it would not be interesting to meet outside of a book and who are not worth meeting in one. Kipling, with his fire and clay, is perhaps the most eminent living man of letters. Arnold Bennett, sharp-sighted and pitiless, and gifted with a marvellous wit, turns the sordid lives of a group of people in a murky English town wrong

side out and portrays them with remorseless pen, but incomparable skill. Mrs. Ward still writes strong novels of English society and is always worth reading. Galsworthy is master of poetic prose. Wells and Chesterton and Shaw have undeniably worthy aims, but keep one so electrified by their apocalyptic mental feats, their juggling with words and ideas, their pyrotechnic display of wit, that their serious purposes are too often lost sight of. There is the incomparable Stevenson, perhaps the best workman of his craft and that other canny Scotchman, the dear Barrie, who leads us such delightful journeys into worlds unseen, fanciful, grave, gay, and altogether delightful. Mr. Winston Churchill, who has noble ideals, writes thoughtful novels which the critics immediately tear into bits because they are too freighted with ethical purposes. Anna Douglas Sedgwick, who apotheosizes the middle-aged woman, does always careful artistic work, and Margaret Deland with skilled fingers plays on many strings in her Old Chester Tales. Henry James has just now gathered to the immortals, has charmed with his delightful attentions a cultured few. Ernest Poole has done brave work in The Harbor. But he, in common with other novelist-reformers, alienates by their brutal frankness a class of readers whose sympathies would be to their advantage. Most of this school have been more or less under the influence of Frenchmen like Flaubert and Gautier, but they must remember that Anglo-Saxon ears do not welcome plain speaking which gives no offense to people of the Latin races. Much of the fiction of the day aims to attack social problems. It is published largely in the multitudinous sensational magazines, with which, for our sins, we are flooded. The writers seem to vie with each other in ingenuity of plot and audacity of portrayal. There are hosts of minor writers who create Marthas by the Dozy, Mary Carys, Pollyannas and people of that ilk, always wholesome, amusing and popular, who have their day and then cease to be. There are of course many more fascinating literary folk who come to your mind of whom there is not time to speak.

In the field of poetry I suppose John Massfield holds deservedly a high place. As do Alfred Noyes and Alice Meynell, and in a quiet way Emma Stearns Davis, Sara Teasdale and Edward Arlington Robinson. Rupert Brooke, after the baptism of blood and fire had swept away his sensualism and young idealism, wrote five matchless sonnets which give him an abiding place in the world he so early left.

The apostles of the new verse find scant favor of course with us of the old school. Miss Amy Lowell, Mr. Robert Frost, Mr. John Gould Fletcher and their followers no doubt find it convenient to do away with rhyme and metre. They love to stand a gaunt, naked, ugly thing before you, unclothed with idealism, and describe it in disjointed lines. If that be poetry, make the most of it.

In history and biography, which is history in its most fascinating guise, we make a better showing. The two Travels, nephew and grand-nephew of Macaulay, in breadth of grasp, in fairness, in accuracy of knowledge, (in a narrower field), outdo their accomplished uncle, and have given us, the one in the History of the American Revolution and Chas. J. Fox and his period, the other in Garibaldi and the Italian Risorgimento and the Life of John Bright, very important works. Mr. Wm. Hoscoe Thayer in his studies in modern Italian history "The Dawn of Italian Independence" and the Life of Cavour has gained a world wide reputation for mastery in that field. Nor are Rhodes and MacMasters surpassed in their line of work.

From this horrible cataclysm of war will undoubtedly spring a new birth of literature. It may mean a regeneration in literature as it means spiritual regeneration to France and Belgium. If literary supremacy comes again to New England it must come as a Renaissance. We certainly can not claim, at present, writers who equal those of the middle 19th century.

I had curveted along gaily on my high horse so far, when I suddenly remembered that the last time I read aloud Louise Alcott, the idol of my girlhood, (I hope still read by girls and boys) I noticed some rather slovenly

A PROMINENT DRUGGIST IN DORSEY TANLAC

It Gives the Best Results of All Remedies I Have Ever Sold

"People are satisfied and have nothing but praise for Tanlac," said Mr. Hoyt of South Windham. "Today Mr. John Allen reported at my store here at South Windham," continued Mr. Hoyt, the druggist, "and was delighted with his tryout of Tanlac. I have suffered with a faulty stomach for years and had just about given up ever getting anything to relieve me. I was a great sufferer with gas and bloating and indigestion had such a hold on me I was afraid to eat only enough to keep body and soul together. My nerves gave way and I was in a bad way. I was persuaded to try this Tanlac and I am here to give it praise. It's the greatest medicine in the country today. I was assured it was purely an herb mixture and that alone convinced me, and I am very glad it did. It has given me results I had never hoped to get. I am free from indigestion and gas, am stronger in every way and indorse Tanlac with my whole heart." Mr. Allen lives R. F. D. No. 3, Woodford.

"Indigestion is sure to yield to Tanlac," said the Tanlac Man today. It acts as a reconstructive tonic. It eliminates the waste of the body, arouses the circulation through natural conditions and builds up the nerve forces.

It creates a good healthy appetite and acts as a general tonic for the entire system. Tanlac is being sold at W. B. Bosserman's, Bethel, S. T. White's, W. Paris; P. G. Barrett's, W. Sumner; Chas. Howard's, S. Paris.

Love of it—not less learning but less enthusiasm for learning—that the young people of this age of wonderful material inventiveness do not seem to have the spirit of appreciation of books, that reverence for learning, which we had. I would give more for one person with a real love of books than for ninety and nine highly educated persons without it. And that one may be a highly educated person without it, the multitudes of college graduates which are turned out every June furnish evidence.

Years ago when our library was smaller we took turns in serving as volunteer librarians. I served my time of course. One day when I had been laboring (I presume with melancholy results) to induce some small children to take out some worth while books, a gentleman who had been standing by, came to me and said, "I have always meant to do something for the library in my own town. Now I know what it will be. I am going to employ some woman who knows and loves books as a volunteer to those who come to take them out. I think I could do more good in that than in any other way." That man was right. The biggest work that you librarians can do is to help somebody to find a big book. Some little children may be coming to your library today in the spirit in which I went to one so many years ago. Get a little time to direct them if you can. With the ubiquitous fiction which they will have—and should have—sandwich in something of history, of travel, of biography. Lead them, now and then, through the welter of modern literature to the simpler masters of those other days which seem to us the Golden Age of American literature.

But as to that Golden Age, don't you suppose that any age which has clothed in the idealism with which one robes a distant childhood is always a Golden Age? But we did have Dickens and Browning and Carlyle and Lowell and Emerson at first hand, and what is more we loved them, and had time to read them.

(Printed at the earnest request of many people.)

NORTH HARTFORD.
Robert Hewry is working for Mrs. Julia Thorne for a few days.

Moses Young bought a steer calf of J. P. Davenport, recently.

Effie Davenport attended the sermon given to the senior class at Buckfield, Sunday.

Oscar Turner is in very poor health. He was a former neighbor here and had many friends who wish him a speedy recovery.

John Davenport and Robert Hewry were at Sumner, Sunday.

Walter Gammon, who underwent a serious operation at his home, is getting along as well as could be expected.

Mrs. J. H. Blanchard is a guest of Mrs. Bert Ludlow.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

WALLACE H. WHITE, JR.

Continued from page 1.

the combined Republican and Progressive votes. It is such majorities that have been electing the Democratic Congressman in this district. With a full realization of this and in an effort to make the party again dominant in the district, Lewiston Republicans began the work of reorganization in the municipal campaign of 1916. They persuaded Mr. White to be the candidate for Mayor. In that fight he received more than 2000 votes. He was again a candidate this year, and the Republican vote was increased to more than 2200. In a year's time under his leadership the voting strength of the party in Lewiston has been doubled. He has twice in succession received a larger vote than was ever before cast for any Republican candidate in Lewiston. The party has become a militant organization, respected and feared by the Democracy. Lewiston Republicans urge that what they have accomplished merits recognition. They believe that Mr. McGillicuddy can be beaten if the vote thrown for Mr. White in the last two elections in Lewiston is even approximately maintained in the coming campaign. They believe the fight should be made in Lewiston and Androscoggin County, and they insist that good politics call for the nomination of the candidate for Congress to whom the Republicans and independent voters of Lewiston have twice given such evidence of loyalty.

It is believed that not only would Mr. White's nomination be acceptable to the Republicans who have remained steadfast during the trials of the recent years, but would also be satisfactory to many Progressives throughout the district. The Lewiston Journal which represents this latter element, in commenting upon Mr. White's announcement of his candidacy, said of him:

"Mr. White was born in Lewiston. He is a graduate of Bowdoin College. He is 38 years old—a most reasonable age for beginning a Congressional service and if nominated and elected would enter public life at exactly the same age as did his grandfather, the late Senator William P. Frye. He is a very able lawyer and a clear and convincing public speaker. His personal and political character is such that one must have implicit confidence not only that he believes what he says but also that he has the backbone to promote in congressional life such law and public policy as he believes the well-being of the Nation demands in harmony with specific pledges. His statement of principles shows him to be neither fanatic nor reactionary, but sane and thoughtful. He is a publicist, a gentleman whose political, economic and social conclusions are evolved from wide and painstaking observation, from close study of the phenomena of political history and social development in the last two decades."

By C. F. Whitman in Oxford County Advertiser.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The general education board of New York announced recently that at its annual spring meeting it made appropriations amounting to \$789,890 for educational and research work. The appropriations include \$125,000 for Colby College, Waterville, Me. For educational research in New Hampshire \$5,500 was set aside; for farm demonstration work in Maine, \$21,500; for farm demonstration work in New Hampshire, \$8,500. Since its organization the general board has appropriated \$18,380,083, including its gifts this year toward educational and research work in the United States.

Dr. Alfred King, a widely known surgeon of Portland, died June 4 of pneumonia at the age of 55 years. He was born in Portland and graduated from Colby college in 1883 and from the Maine Medical School in 1886. He had been connected with the latter institution as a teacher for many years, having been professor of surgery at the time of his death. He has served as a trustee of Colby college and was city physician of Portland for two years. He was a fellow of the American Surgical Association and a member of various medical societies, State and national. He is survived by a widow.

A gift of \$10,000 to Bowdoin college by Frederick Hunt Appleton of Bangor was announced recently. The money is to be used to create a fund for the general uses of the library, in memory of Mr. Appleton's father, John Appleton of the class of 1822.

The Daily Reporter Journal of Gardiner now appears under the name of the Kennebec Leader. Editor Fowler says: "The change is made in order that we may have a name more in keeping with our actual status. In the past we have been thought of as a local affair. Henceforth we propose to be known as a Kennebec county affair and we invite the people of this county even as we have been inviting the people of Gardiner to watch us grow."

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS? NEGLECTED MEALS?
These are the penalties of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and other stomach troubles. Restore your rest and appetite with
CAROL Indigestion CAPSULES
The safest, surest, and speediest relief for all stomach ills. No nausea, no cramps, no after effect because it contains no narcotics.
Trial size 25c. Regular box 50c.
Emil Sykora, Distributor, 24 C 26 Murray St., N. Y.

1864 1916

Hyde, Wheeler & Co.
BOSTON
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WANT YOUR FARM PRODUCTS

Eggs, Live and Dressed Poultry, Veal, Apples and Potatoes.
Prices, shipping tags, dressing, packing, shipping instructions, etc., sent free.

ORDER NOW

Insecticides

Spraying Machinery

Riding Cultivators

HAYING TOOLS

INCLUDING

MOWERS, RAKES,

TEDDERS

HAND HAY TOOLS

and

REPAIRS of all kinds

KENDALL & WHITNEY

Portland, Maine

DR. HALE'S HOUSEHOLD OINTMENT

A wonderful remedy for all skin diseases—eczema, erysipelas, scaly eruptions, sores, bruises, sore muscles, rheumatism, neuralgia, etc. Can be applied to any external part of the body, giving quick relief from all suffering. Nothing seems to act so quickly with group or sore throat when dispensed on package are followed. Free.

scribed by physicians. Sold at Drug Stores and

McC. Kenyon & Thomas Co., Props., Adams, N. H.

Since the first of the year up to the time of closing the office of the Secretary of State for business last Saturday, the sum of \$20,118.75 has been received from the registration of automobiles and of this amount the sum of \$100,731 has been received since the first of May. Since the first of the present year up to date 24,964 operators' licenses have been granted and 19,501 automobiles, 1447 trucks, 791 motor cycles, 287 automobile dealers and 30 motor cycle dealers have been registered while for the corresponding period last year 18,480 operators' licenses were granted and 14,435 automobiles, 775 trucks, 608 motor cycles, 293 automobile dealers and 33 motor cycle dealers were registered.

The Maine Central Railroad will at once begin the construction of a station at Lewiston to replace the building burned March 5, 1915. The new building will cost \$100,000. It will be of brick with stone trimmings and will conform in every way to the request made by the Chamber of Commerce that Lewiston be given a building suitable to its size and needs.

There are thirty citizens in the town of Foxcroft, mostly men who are more than 80. There are two over 90 years old, one is 88 and two are 87.

State Commissioner of Agriculture William T. Gupill has appointed Samuel H. Eaton of Oxford as assistant state horticulturist, succeeding Clyde L. Wilkins of Wilton, who has been appointed state horticulturist to succeed Albert K. Gardner, resigned.

The Bangor employment agencies claim that they send from 25,000 to 30,000 men to jobs every year, they having calls from all over the United States and Canada. They are just now sending out about 200 per week. They estimate that, counting the men who go to Bangor to secure work and who do not apply at any of the agencies, the total number landing jobs there is nearly 50,000.

RED WING INSECT POWDER

For the destruction of insects. It is the best and most reliable. It is the only one that will kill all insects. It is the only one that will kill all insects. It is the only one that will kill all insects.

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RUMFORD

The annual exhibition of work by the rural schools and their annual field day, consisting of athletic games, will be held at Rumford Point on Friday, June 9th, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. There will be a picnic lunch at noon time.

Mr. Ephraim Henry has purchased a Ford car. William Thomas has purchased a fine Haines seven passenger touring car.

Mrs. Julia Eastman of Boston is a guest of her mother, Mrs. O. F. Demmons, of Hancock street.

Mrs. Charles Lemieux of Lewiston is visiting her daughters, Mrs. John Harpe and Mrs. D. Cassavant.

William Hanley has left for Bridgeport, Conn., where he has accepted a position in an office.

The officers of the Cosmos Club for the ensuing year are: President, S. L. Foster; Secretary and Treasurer, Ralph T. Parker. The club have voted to offer \$25 in prizes to school boys who make the best record in raising potatoes and sweet corn this summer.

Dr. Carl Davis is contemplating buying the Hall house on Lincoln Avenue now occupied by the family of E. A. Wakeley.

Mrs. Allan J. Reed is confined to the house by an attack of appendicitis.

Rosario Nadeau, clerk for J. A. Garneau & Co., has taken a rent in the Rouben Richmond house on Knox street.

Rev. Allan Brown of the First Universalist church will preach the baccalaureate sermon before the members of the graduating class of Rumford High school on Sunday, June 11. The graduating exercises will take place at the Majestic theatre on June 15th.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Wells will be pleased to learn of the birth of a daughter at Riddley's Maternity Hospital, Watertown, N. Y. Mrs. Wells was before her marriage Miss Edna Pike of Rumford.

Purity Rebekah Lodge initiated six candidates on Friday evening last. Refreshments were served. During June, July and August, there will be only one meeting a month, the first Friday evening.

Mrs. Esther Moore Bemis arrived in town on Saturday last to make a visit with her mother, Mrs. Nahum Moore, of Rumford avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Dowling have taken rooms in Stratglass Park for a short time, and during the absence of Mr. and Mrs. John Martin this summer, they will occupy their home on Urquhart street.

Mrs. Nina McKinnon of Portland is the guest of Mrs. Dana C. York of Stratglass Park.

The Oxford County Field Day of the Order of Eastern Star will be held at Bethel with Purity Chapter on Thursday, Aug. 3rd. Mrs. Emma B. Howe of Rumford as President, is busy making arrangements with the various chapters in the jurisdiction, so that the exercises as planned shall move off smoothly, and those of Mrs. Howe's associates in matters of this kind, know that they will. A business session of the association will be held at one o'clock followed by an entertainment consisting of music, speeches, readings, etc. A basket picnic will be enjoyed at the noon hour. All members are expected to supply themselves with a coffee cup, spoon, etc. Coffee will be furnished by members of the Bethel Chapter. It is requested and expected that as many members as possible from the various chapters in the County will make special effort to attend, and make this Field Day a roasting success. Bethel, one of the finest and most up-to-date villages in the State, will welcome all who come.

Beginning on Sunday last, the First Universalist church, Rev. Allan Brown pastor, began their morning services at 9 o'clock instead of at 10.30 as has been the usual custom. This is to continue only during the summer months. Sunday school at 10.30.

At a regular convocation of Stratglass Commandery, No. 21, Knights Templar, held in Masonic Hall on Friday evening last, officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Dr. Albert L. Stanwood, Eminent Commander; Fred J. Latham, Generalissimo; Dana C. York, Captain General; Virgil A. Linnell, Senior Warden; Guy Price, Junior Warden; Elsie Pratt, Excellent.

An Old Fashioned Home Remedy

Many men and more women are often ailing and poorly, without being really sick. They feel mean and out of sorts, restless and nervous, with little appetite, weak stomach, and maybe suffer from frequent sick headaches and bilious attacks. In other words, they are all "run-down" and need something that will build them up. A good remedy for this purpose is "L. E. Atwood's Medicine." While not a cure-all, it acts as a general tonic and conditioner, toning the stomach, improving the appetite, purifying the blood and stimulating the liver. So thorough that it will benefit the biggest man, and so safe that it may be taken by the weakest woman or frailest child. The family stand-by for over sixty years.

Buy a 35c bottle at your nearest drug store, or write to-day for free sample.

"L. E. Atwood's Medicine Co., Portland, Me."

WOMEN'S WOE

Bethel Women Are Finding Relief at Last

It does seem that women have more than a fair share of the aches and pains that afflict humanity; they must "keep up," must attend to duties in spite of constantly aching backs, or headaches, dizzy spells, bearing-down pains; they must stoop over, when to stoop means torture. They must walk and bend and work with racking pains and many aches from kidney ills. Keeping the kidneys well has spared thousands of women much misery. Read of a remedy for kidneys only that is endorsed by people you know.

Mrs. Lola M. Lary, Bethel, says: "I was troubled by my kidneys for several years. If I did any work, I felt tired. I suffered intensely from backache and I also had much trouble from the kidney secretions. Doan's Kidney Pills gave me relief as soon as I began taking them." SOME TIME LATER, Mrs. Lary said: "Doan's Kidney Pills are a mighty fine medicine and I am glad to confirm my former endorsement."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Lary had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Prelate; James S. Morse, Treasurer; Frank R. Reed, Recorder. It was voted to close the commandery during July and August, and the above elective officers will be installed at the first regular convocation in September. After the election of officers, the degree of the Illustrious Order of the Red Cross was conferred on two candidates.

George W. Stearns of Millinocket, formerly of Rumford, has been in town calling on old friends, and noting the advance and prosperity of Rumford. Mr. Stearns reports business as excellent at Millinocket.

The Continental Paper Bag Co. began on their summer schedule June 1st by running over time on Fridays, so as to give the employees Saturday afternoon off through June, July and August.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Miller of the Virginia District spent Sunday in Portland, as the guests of Mr. Miller's brother and family. Mr. Miller's brother is a navy man, and is in Portland for a short stay only.

Mr. Harris J. Elliott and Mr. D. R. Cole, both of the Rumford and Mexico Water District, have returned from a most successful fishing trip at South Arm.

County Commissioners, Wellington H. Eastman of Sumner, and Don A. Gates of Dixfield, with Lucian W. Blanchard of Rumford, have been spending several days in Boston and vicinity looking at the furnishings of various court rooms and public buildings, getting prices, etc., to determine on such furnishings in the way of desks, chairs, and such things for the new Municipal Building. Contracts will be placed for these furnishings at an early date. The approximate cost, as given out, will be about \$3,500.00.

The losing side for the past winter's play of the Quil Est Whist Club entertained the winning side of the club at a week end house party at Worthley Pond on Sunday, occupying the cottages of H. L. Elliott and G. A. Penbody for the stay. The trip was an entire surprise to the winners, and a most delightful time was enjoyed by all. The party, to the number of fifteen, included on the winning side, Mrs. Dana C. York, Mrs. Carl Davis, Miss Louise Klinder, Miss Grace McDaniels, Miss Edna Webster and Miss Mildred Brown, while the losers were: Mrs. Caroline Kenniston, Mrs. Walter Miller, Miss Myrtle Greene, Miss Lillian Rollins, Miss Mary Morse and Miss Vivian Brown. Four invited guests were: Mrs. McKinnon of Portland, Mrs. Mildred Freeman, Mrs. McKee and Miss Mabel Chase, while little Barbara Davis greatly added to the pleasure of all present.

Mr. Dana C. York, Spaulding Blasco and Harry Carroll are among a party who are spending several days at the Bisbee camp on Lake Mooseluemaguntie on a fishing trip.

The many friends of Miss Charlotte French will be pleased to learn that she is contemplating spending the month of July, also a part of August in Rumford this summer. Miss French was formerly a resident of Rumford, employed in the office of Mr. Charles A. Mixer of the Rumford Pulp Power Company, and it is expected that she will be employed by Mr. Mixer during her stay in town this summer. In the fall, Miss French expects to take a position in social settlement work, probably in the city of New Haven, Conn.

Mr. J. E. Wesley Clarke has accepted a position with the Goodyear Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio.

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ANDOVER

Mr. Eli Stearns from Bethel was in town, Saturday, looking after wool. He was offering 35 cents.

Rev. Wm. F. B. Jackson from Providence, R. I., is in town for a few days.

Roger Thurston and wife were at Rumford, Sunday.

The King's Daughters meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Archer Poor. Edward Luckin of Rumford was in town, Monday, buying calves.

The Oxford North Agricultural Society held a meeting at the hall, Friday of last week.

Rev. J. W. Suter and wife returned from a week's outing at their camp at the Upper Dam, Monday.

Henry L. Poor commenced work on the Lake road with a crew of men the first of the week.

Y. A. Thurston and John Talbot attended a Democratic committee meeting at So. Paris, June 3rd.

Mrs. Maggie Stuart has resigned her position at the Post Office and Mrs. Lucinda Bristol is working for Walter Barnes.

Alton Brooks has moved his family into Fred Milton's rent and is working for Henry Poor.

Guy Learned has a new Ford automobile.

Dr. A. L. Stanwood was in town from Rumford, Saturday.

The graduating exercises of the Andover High school will be held Friday evening, June 16th, at the Congregational church.

William Gregg had the misfortune to break his leg while hawking in his field, Wednesday of last week. He was using a heavy cut-away machine, and as he attempted to step inside the harrow, the horses started and threw him against the machine. His left leg was broken just below the knee. Doctors A. L. and Harold Stanwood of Rumford and Dr. F. E. Leslie set the bone.

Erna Webster has been appointed road patrolman in Andover. He has moved on to Walter Bailey's farm at So. Andover.

Wm. Poor and son, Fred Poor, of Chicago were in town last week, guests of Fred Smith and Sylvanus Poor and family.

Mrs. Owen Smith of Mexico visited her brother, Fred Smith, and family, a few days last week.

Mrs. Fred Thomas and brother, Harry Abbott, Paul Thomas and Louise Thomas spent a few days in camp at C. Pond, recently.

John Martin, agent for the Mutual Life Insurance, was in town several days, recently.

Homer Cutting is cooking for Henry Poor at the Half Way Inn, on the lake road.

Clarence Newton has purchased a new Saxon touring car of Frank Fogg. Bert Berry and Charles Cummings are painting the Congregational church.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilder Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Martin, Mrs. Jerry Martin, Miss Jennie Farnum and Miss Susan Martin from Rumford were calling on friends in town, Friday.

WELL CHILDREN ARE AC-TIVE.

If your child is dull, pale, fretful and wants to lie around, the chances are it is suffering from worms. Kickapoo Worm Killer, a pleasant candy confection, liked by all children is what your child needs. You only give one-half to one lozenge at a time and you get immediate results. Every mother should have a box on hand. 25c at all druggists. Adv.

WEST BETHEL.

Mr. Joel P. Sweet died at his home in West Bethel on June 3rd at the age of 65 years. Mr. Sweet was born in Weld, Maine, but has spent the most of his later life in Bethel. He was twice married, being survived by three sons and one daughter by the first union, and by a wife and four daughters by the second. The funeral and burial will be held at Farmington on Thursday afternoon. Mr. Sweet was a member of the I. O. O. F.

Little Eloyee Vashaw is ill; she came very near having pneumonia.

Mr. McFalls, the new section foreman, has moved his family into the Haskell house.

Mrs. Hugh Thurston is in Portland. Mrs. J. E. Pike, who has been confined to the house for three years, enjoyed an auto ride, Monday afternoon.

W. J. Douglas, J. A. McKenzie, Mr. McFalls were in Bryant's Pond, Monday evening to attend a K. of P. meeting.

Dr. King's New Life Pills

AN OREGONIAN 25c BOTTLE SATISFACTION OR MONEY BACK

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This Varnish will put new floors in your house

Worn or neglected floors take on a brilliant, lasting lustre when varnished with Bay State Agate Floor Varnish. One or two coats are enough for the most beautiful finish.

AGATE FLOOR VARNISH
In the Agate Can

is the highest grade floor varnish ever offered—a New England product, the result of careful, scientific experiment.

It stays new and stands the wear. Doesn't scuff or scar; children's shoes leave no marks. Doesn't peel or crack—retains its smooth, glossy surface.

A woman can use Agate Floor Varnish—it flows easily and evenly from the brush. It dries overnight.

Also, it restores old oilcloth and linoleum. Gives them double wear. Try it.

You buy it as you need it, in large or small cans. If your dealer doesn't sell Agate Floor Varnish, send your order right to us—27c, 50c and 90c a can; \$1.72 a half gallon; \$3.25 a gallon.

WADSWORTH, HOWLAND & CO., Inc.
New England's Largest Paint and Varnish Makers
Boston, Mass.

EAST SUMNER.

There was a severe thunder shower in this vicinity about two o'clock Monday afternoon, when the barn of John Robinson was struck by lightning and burned to the ground with a valuable bull and one horse and many farming implements. Loss estimated at from \$1500 to \$2000.

H. O. Saunders is at work for Geo. H. Braden.

Lillian Leslie is assisting with the house work at Perley Braden's. They have named their little son Norman Stanwood. Miss Gladys Buck has been caring for Mrs. Braden.

Philly Tucker is steadily gaining in health. He was a guest of his brother, E. E. Tucker, at Mechanic Falls last week.

Grass is looking fine but the ground is very wet for planting.

Mrs. Rose Staples has gone to Massachusetts. Her daughter, Bernice, is stopping at L. B. Poland's until school closes then she will join her mother there.

A Mr. Hammond has moved into the house at Sumner Corner vacated by Mrs. Staples.

Marion Mason has finished work for Mrs. O. E. Turner.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Stetson have gone to Old Orchard for the summer.

Mrs. Ella Head has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. D. Park, at South Paris.

Harlie Hicks was severely injured by being thrown from his bicycle, recently.

CLEAR SKIN COMES FROM WITHIN.

It is foolish to think you can gain a good clear complexion by the use of face powder. Get at the root of the trouble and thoroughly cleanse the system with a treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Gentle and mild in action, do not gripe, yet they relieve the liver by their action on the bowels.

Good for young, adults and aged. Go after a clear complexion to-day. 25c at your druggist. Adv.

WEST PERU.

Shirley Wilder and wife, who have been living at Farmington for the past two years, have moved into the Ernest Godding house in this village.

Mrs. Chas. Child and Mrs. Arthur Child visited Mrs. H. E. Tracy at Dixfield, recently.

Eugene Lane, who has been in the West for several years, is now visiting his brother, Chas. Lane, and other relatives here.

U. S. PRESS ASSOCIATION, Bond Building, Washington, D. C.

ROAD PATROLMEN APPOINTED.

Announcement is made by the state highway commission of the appointment of patrolmen for the state roads in Oxford County, giving the town, the name and post office address of the patrolmen:

Albany, Fred J. McKeen, East Stoneham.

Bethel, L. A. Sumner, West Bethel.

Buckfield, U. G. Keene, Buckfield.

Canton, H. E. Hall, Canton.

Denmark, Albert F. Wentworth, Denmark.

Fryeburg, Arthur L. Stevens, Fryeburg.

Grafton, Clyde O. Brooks, Grafton.

Hartford, George S. Tucker, Hartford.

Hebron, Benjamin N. Stone, Hebron.

Hiram, John S. Cram, East Hiram.

Lovell, Edgar F. McAllister, Lovell.

Oxford, Charles Brett, Welchville.

Rumford, Warren Hicks, Rumford.

Stoneham, Solon P. McAllister, East Stoneham.

Stow, Merton M. Eastman, North Fryeburg.

Waterford, C. H. Merrill, East Waterford.

Fryeburg, Clarence H. Osgood, Fryeburg.

SUNDAY RIVER.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Spinnay and Mr. and Mrs. Howard Bailey were in Norway on business, Tuesday.

J. N. Reynolds is peeling pulp for B. M. Williamson.

Miss Ella Kendall came from Massachusetts, Saturday, to spend a week with her parents.

Willie Powers is helping H. L. Foster for a few days.

Miss Gertrude Grover spent a few days at H. M. Kendall's, recently.

H. B. Bailey has sold his horses to H. F. Andrews.

Gladys Trask visited at P. C. Parker's, recently.

Horace and Lavin Reynolds are peeling pulp in Ketchikan.

Joe Spinnay is on the sick list.

Homer Smith is working in C. A. Baker's mill.

G. D. Bean had the misfortune of losing one of his black horses.

Friend: I suppose the baby is fond of you?

Papa: Fond of me. Why, he sleeps all day when I'm not at home and stays awake all night just to enjoy my attention.—TIT-BITS.

For Your Baby.

The Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

is the only guarantee that you have the

Genuine

CASTORIA

prepared by him for over 30 years.

YOU'LL give YOUR baby the BEST

Your Physician Knows Fletcher's Castoria.

Sold only in one size bottle, never in bulk or otherwise; to protect the babies.

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FERNS IN PASTURES.

Recommendations for Controlling These Weeds on Pasture Land.

The presence of the hay-scented fern and the brake fern in pastures in the eastern United States is a serious detriment to the grazing of live stock, which is a prominent feature in farming in this section. The Department of Agriculture of Washington, D. C., in Farmers' Bulletin No. 687, recommends the following means of reducing these pasture-wasting pests:

Cut the fern with a scythe in the middle of June just as the spores are beginning to mature and repeat the cutting about the middle of August before the second crop of spores have a chance to spread. As soon as the cut ferns are dry, burn them over to lessen the vitality of the rootstocks.

After the cutting and burning the land can be seeded with pasture grass and clover. A better stand will be obtained if lime or lime and fertilizer are applied in addition to the seed.

A second method is to spray the fern growth with salt and water distributed with a hand bucket pump or a knapsack sprayer. When the field is so located that water for spraying is not easily accessible, the cutting is probably easier. With ferns of an average degree of thickness, a man with a knapsack sprayer ought to cover about 5 acres a day. The salt is used at the rate of 1 pound to about 1 1/2 quarts of water, and 150 pounds of salt ought to be enough to spray the average acre infested with ferns, which seldom cover more than one-third of the ground. If 5 acres are covered per day, with labor at \$1.50, the total cost of spraying is about \$1.05 per acre for each application, exclusive of the cost of hauling.

Two sprayings a year, just previous to spring, about the middle of June and the middle of August, are necessary. Burn over as soon as they have dried up. As the use of the salt spray is something of a detriment to the growth of young clover, efforts to encourage clover to work into the patches and help choke them down should be deferred until after the August spraying.

After the ferns have been reduced to a minimum the specific treatments may be discontinued, at least until they again become troublesome. It is probably not practicable to entirely eradicate ferns. The immediate reduction of the number of ferns, however, will give the grass and clover opportunity to work in, and this in itself will tend to hold the ferns in check. Cultivation, on the other hand, where tried seems not to be effective, as the ferns work in again sooner or later, even where the patch is used for potato growing for a year.

The actual experiments were made with the hay-scented fern, but the results are believed to be fully as effective in the treatment of the brake in the Eastern States.

Cases of Summer Complaint.

Stomach and intestinal disturbances are frequently corrected by the use of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They tend to cleanse the intestinal tract and promote digestion. Used by Mothers for 28 years. All druggists sell them, 25c. Adv. 6-14.

POULTRY VICES.

By G. E. Conkey.

Harmful vices acquired by poultry are not many but if these are left to develop in the flock the result will be a very discouraging situation and in some instances you may find it necessary to dispose of a large number of birds. It is a good thing to know these vices and to understand the reasons for them so that they may be recognized right at the start for then it is easy to correct them because there are only a few birds involved.

EGG EATING.

Perhaps one of the worst habits contracted by fowls is the habit of eating their own eggs. When this vice remains undiscovered or is not remedied at once it will very likely prove costly to the owner because of the number of eggs that are destroyed.

Usually this trouble starts when an egg is accidentally broken in the nest or when soft shelled eggs are laid on the roost. When eggs are laid about the yard or on the floor they attract the attention of the birds and they will naturally pick at them whereas they would not think of molesting an egg in the nest. When once an egg is broken it is eagerly devoured by all birds within sight of it and they quickly learn to associate an egg with an appetizing meal. From such a start the habit develops rapidly and before long you will find that the birds are eating the eggs about as fast as they are laid.

The first thing that makes you aware that egg eating has got into your flock is the condition of the nest, the litter being wet from the broken egg. If you closely inspect the birds themselves you will perhaps notice that the egg yolk is smeared about the head of the guilty hen.

As soon as you suspect something is wrong, remove the birds that you think are involved so that they can be watched. Pay also particular attention to the arrangement and location of the nests. Do not have them located so that the birds can reach into them from the floor or from the droppings boards, for this only means that the eggs are more likely to be molested. Provide plenty of nests and do everything you can to prevent the eggs from being broken. Where nests are closed on the three sides turn the nest so that the open end is away from the light, this makes the nest dark and is one of the best means of preventing or of overcoming the egg eating habit. Use plenty of chalk or porcelain nest eggs and gather the fresh eggs as often as possible.

If you can secure egg shells, feed them liberally, in fact give your flock more than the birds can clean up and continue this feeding for at least a week. If you have doubt as to the feeding ration being well balanced change it and be sure that you are giving plenty of meat and green food. Remember, too, that a generous litter on the floor, in which you can scatter the grain, will help to keep the birds busy and so keep them out of mischief. Keep careful check on the condition of your birds.

Do not let them take on too much fat because this condition of the hens means soft and thin shelled eggs which are easily broken and this may start the egg eating habit.

FEATHER EATING.

While feather eating is not a costly habit with poultry because the health

of the birds is not affected to any great extent, this vice, which is the result of birds picking the feathers from one another, is a very unsightly one. The habit itself is more common among the smaller breeds and usually is the result of close confinement, poor feeding or a lack of good care. As a rule, where fowls are yarded little or no effort is made to induce exercise on the part of the birds and they stand huddled together for hours at a time. This congested condition greatly encourages them to pick at one another.

The male bird is usually the first victim, the feathers being gradually picked from the neck, although other parts may be attacked. In time the skin will be quite bare of plumage and this condition is not improved with the coming of the tender new feathers because these are greedily eaten for their meaty content.

The feather eating habit is one that spreads through the flock. The number of birds being picked increases and if nothing is done to check the trouble it will become quite general. Once established it is not advisable to attempt a cure with ordinary stock, a better plan being to dispose of the entire lot and to replace them with new birds. If taken right at the start however, when only a few birds are being picked the plan is to remove these and to keep them in individual cages until new feathers are entirely grown. If you do not wish to adopt this plan then you had better dispose of the few birds involved, using them for eating purposes. After this is done be sure to make the necessary changes to correct the faulty conditions that previously prevailed and that started the feather eating habit. Give the birds more room if they were too closely confined or if this is impossible reduce the size of the flock. Overcrowding poultry is unprofitable for a number of reasons other than the one we are now considering.

Be sure that you are giving a variety in the feeding. Do not overlook the necessity of giving animal and green food and of providing such materials as shell, grit and charcoal. It is advisable to give three meals a day although if a dry mash is kept within reach two feeds may do. Three light feeds of grain, however, is a better course to adopt. Apportion the amount given to the birds so that they keep active and always have a generous litter on the floor of the house to induce the exercise that is needed to keep them in good condition. Birds that must work for their living have not the time nor the inclination to get into the feather eating habit.

THE ROSE-CHAFER.

Beetle Damages Vegetables, Fruits, and Flowers—Early and Persistent Control Measures Necessary.

The rose-chaffer, or "rose bug" as it is often called, one of the most widely distributed and troublesome insects with which the florist or gardener has to contend, is the subject of a new Farmers' Bulletin (No. 721) of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., by F. H. Chittenden and A. L. Quaintance. The insects appear as long-legged beetles of a yellowish-brown color, usually in the month of June. They strip all kinds of vegetables, fruits, and flowers of blossoms and foliage, and where especially plentiful do great damage. In from four to six weeks after their first appearance they leave as suddenly as they came. Rose-bushes and grapevines especially suffer from attacks of the insects, but the beetles are almost equally destructive to fruit, shade, and other trees and shrubs. When the rose-chafers are especially numerous, they attack even berries, peas, beans, and nearly all garden fruits and vegetables. In their attacks upon the grape, they first devour the blossoms; then they strip the leaves, leaving only a thin network, and later the young grapes are eaten. Whole vineyards and orchards often are devastated and whole crops in certain sections of the country are destroyed.

Besides the damage done to vegetation, the beetles sometimes cause the death of young chickens. The chickens eat the beetles and poisoning results in the death of the chicken within 24 hours. Experiments have developed the fact that from 15 to 20 beetles are sufficient to kill a week-old chick.

The character of the soil bears an important relation to the appearance of the rose-chaffer. Light sandy regions are greatly preferred as a breeding ground, while clay lands, unless near sandy soil, are seldom troubled.

Methods of Control.

A thoroughly effective remedy against this insect is yet to be discovered. Any application that may be made is unsuccessful unless applied almost continuously, for as often as the beetles on a plant are killed, others arise from the ground or from neighboring fields to take their place. Many so-called "sure" remedies, including compounds of copper, lime, kerosene, and tobacco, have failed to give results when put to a rigid test. Whatever practice of a remedial nature is undertaken, whether collecting or spraying, it should be begun at the first onset of

the insects' attack and continued until they disappear. The work should not be confined entirely to those useful plants which it is particularly desired to preserve, as the insects attack many other plants.

Ornamental plants that are hardy may possibly be protected by a heavy application of arsenate of lead, using 4 or 5 pounds to 50 gallons of either water or Bordeaux mixture. Very thorough applications should be made when the insects first appear, and repeated applications should be made as found necessary. A considerable degree of protection to vineyards is afforded by the timely and thorough use of arsenical sprays, the amount of benefit varying with the abundance of the insects. Since the use of poison sprays at the time of "rose-bug" invasion is desirable for the control of other grape pests, vineyards in sandy regions and subject to the attack of this insect should be sprayed regularly as a part of the routine of the vineyard work. The first application of spray should be given just before the blossoms open, and if the beetles continue to be destructive the treatment should be repeated as soon as the blossoms fall. Vineyards regularly sprayed should be less injured by the rose-chaffer than those which are not so treated.

For the destruction of the beetles on fruit trees, as peach, apple, etc., arsenate of lead should be used, preferably in a fungicide, such as Bordeaux mixture, when the beetles first appear. It should be applied at the same strength indicated for vineyards, namely, 4 or 5 pounds to 50 gallons of spray. In spraying peaches and other stone fruits the arsenical should be used in the self-boiled lime-sulphur wash or in 50 gallons of water which contains lime wash made from slaking 3 or 4 pounds of good stone lime. Repeated applications may be necessary, depending upon the extent of infestation of the trees by newly emerged beetles, or those from other sources.

The rose-chaffer is extremely sensitive to disturbance when it is in the pupal stage in the soil. Since both larvae and beetles are very tenacious of life, the pupal stage, appears to furnish the most vulnerable period of attack, and large numbers may be destroyed by simply stirring the breeding grounds at the proper time to a depth of 3 or more inches. In northern Ohio the most favorable time for the application of this remedy is from May 25 to June 10. In the South the operation should be commenced earlier. All ground which might serve as a breeding place should be plowed and harrowed at the proper time. The least possible light sandy soil should be left in soil, only the heaviest land being used for grass.

MILK FEVER IN COWS.

Disease Attacks Only Animals of Improved Breeds—Symptoms, Prevention, and Treatment.

Milk fever, also known as parturient apoplexy, not only is peculiar to the cow but attacks only cows of the improved breeds and of deep milking strains. It chiefly affects cows that have been developed in the direction of early maturity, rapid fattening, or a heavy production of milk. The victims are not always fat when attacked, but they are cows with great powers of digestion and which have been fed heavily previous to the onset of the disease. Cows are seldom affected until they have reached full maturity and are at the most productive period of their lives—that is, from 5 to 8 years of age.

In heavy-milking cows all the food eaten in excess of that required to make up for the normal waste of the system is turned into milk. When the flow of milk ceases, if the animal is fed heavily, the excess of nutriment from the food has no avenue of escape, and is consequently stored up in the glands and in the blood, causing the animal to become unnaturally plethoric, or affected by excessive nutrition. After the delivery of the calf, the blood which has been supplying the fetus is suddenly turned into the circulation of the mother, and if she does not begin the secretion of milk promptly the plethora of her blood rapidly increases.

Symptoms of Disease.

The disease usually manifests itself within two days after the birth of the calf, although in rare instances the cow becomes affected prior to calving. Great uneasiness is one of the first noticeable symptoms. The cow steps about restlessly and refuses to eat or drink. She may soon begin to show signs of abdominal pain. Paralysis begins to be manifested within a few hours, being indicated by a staggering, uncertain gait. The patient now becomes quieter, rapidly weakens, and finally goes down and is unable to rise. The head is drawn around to the side, usually the left, producing an attitude that is not often seen in any other disease. The animal soon becomes quite unconscious.

The temperature, at first elevated, tends to become lower as stupor and coma progress. The bowels may become torpid or completely paralyzed, and unless improvement is brought about they

are not likely to operate again. The bladder, too, is paralyzed and fails to expel its contents. Action of either bowels or bladder, or both, is always a favorable symptom.

The torpor of the digestive organs nearly always causes grave disorders; the paunch becomes the seat of fermentation, producing gas and excessive bloating. There are frequent belchings of gas or food, which, reaching the paralyzed throat, pass in part into the windpipe, causing inflammation of the air passages and lungs, which condition often becomes the immediate cause of death.

Means of Prevention.

For such a serious disease prevention is more important than treatment. Among the most effective means of prevention may be mentioned a restricted diet for a week or two before calving and for at least four days afterwards. Free access to salt and water is important, as the water serves to dilute the dense rich blood and salt encourages the animal to drink. The water should be warmed suitably, as iced water may have a bad effect. A cow that is in a very plethoric state, or that was attacked by milk fever at her last calving, should be given a purgative dose (1 pound) of epsom salts 12 to 24 hours before calving is due. A most important precaution in a plethoric cow is to avoid drawing any milk from the bag for 12 to 24 hours after calving. Daily exercise is of importance, and the value of the open air can not be overestimated. Rich clover pastures should be avoided.

Method of Treatment.

It is a good practice to give a dose of purgative medicine if the air treatment, to be recommended later, is not available. Epsom salts 2 pounds, carbonate of ammonia 1-2 ounce, nuxvomica 1-2 dram, is a good preparation to use at this juncture. The bowels and bladder should be emptied, the former by hand and the latter by the use of a small rubber tube. Bags of ice may be applied to the head. Benefit is often derived from the administration of 20 drops of tincture of aconite every four hours. The application of water, as warm as it can be borne by the hand, to the back and loins acts by removing the blood pressure from the vital organs.

In view of the great superiority of the inflation of the udder with atmospheric air as a curative of milk fever, medicinal treatment is seldom attempted at the present time. By former methods of treatment the losses were very great; but by the use of the air treatment in skillful hands, it is claimed that more than 95 per cent may be saved. A large syringe or injection pump is used (a pump for inflating bicycle tires serves the purpose nicely.) The whole apparatus should be sterilized before it is used. Boiling for 20 minutes will afford suitable sterilization. The intake opening is filled with sterilized cotton, while a milking tube is attached to the delivering tube.

The teats of the cow should be carefully washed and dried, after which the milking tube on the pump or syringe is inserted into each, in turn, while an assistant distends each quarter of the udder with air, without continuing the process after the udder is fully expanded. The tube is now withdrawn and a broad tape is tied around the free end of the teat to prevent the escape of the air. The tube should be disinfected by dipping in a 3 per cent solution of cresol compound of carbolic acid after each application. Should no indications of improvement be apparent at the end of two hours, the udder should be inflated again.

BUTTERMILKING.

J. F. Thomas, Instructor in Animal Industry, Dairy Division, in Farmers' Week Course.

The question is frequently asked, "Which is the more profitable, making butter at home or selling cream to the creamery?" So many factors enter it that it is almost impossible to answer the question for all parties concerned. In general, when a uniform quality of butter can be produced and sold on a ready market at a fair price and the making and marketing affords useful employment for members of the farmer's household, but does not inflict hardships on any of them, the making of butter at home is advisable. If, on the other hand, trouble is experienced in making a uniform quality of butter, if the butter must be sold at a comparatively low price at the local store, if extra help must be hired in order to make and market the butter, or if these operations impose an unreasonable burden on any member of the farmer's family, it would be advisable for the farmer to allow the creamery to handle his product.

The manufacture of good dairy butter depends upon condition of cream, care of cream before churning, cleanliness of product and utensils, control of temperature, efficiency of churning, and working.

The process of making good butter of uniform quality really begins with the production of the milk. Milk from unhealthy cows can never be made into

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first-class products. Neither can cows that are kept in unclean or unsanitary places produce clean wholesome milk. More depends on the care given the milk and cream before entering the churn than on the buttermaking proper, although one must understand the principles before he can make good butter.

For the best quality of butter a rich cream testing 30 to 35 per cent should be used. As soon as milk is separated the cream should be cooled immediately by placing cream in a deep, narrow pail or a shot-gun can and put this in cold water just pumped from the well, or by placing in a water tank. Warm cream should never be mixed with cold as this causes souring in a very short time. The cream should be kept cool until a few hours before churning, when it should be taken out and allowed to sour naturally or by use of commercial starter. The best temperature for allowing this cream to sour is 70 to 80 degrees F. When sufficient acid or sourness has developed the cream is again cooled down to churning temperature. The proper amount of acidity depends upon kind of cream; quality of butter desired and churning temperature. As a rule from 4 to 5 per cent acid is the desired amount.

The cream should be allowed to stand about two hours at churning temperature in order to have all fat globules at same temperature. For ordinary farm churning a temperature from 60 to 70 degrees F is best. Fresh cream should not be added for 12 hours before churning as it will not churn out so thoroughly. The churning temperature is affected by season of the year; kind of feed given the cows, lactation period, condition of cream, and temperature of churning room.

If butter is to be colored a desirable commercial butter color can be secured from any dairy supply house. Add this according to market but usually about 2 oz. to 100 pounds of butter fat. Color should be added to cream in churn just before starting to churn.

The churn will always do its best work when less than half full. The proper speed will depend upon size of churn and condition of the cream. The length of time necessary will vary but ranging from 15 to 30 minutes.

Often in fall or early winter farmers experience difficult churnings which are frequently caused by condition of cream from cow far advanced in lactation period, at which time the fat globules become smaller and harder, making it difficult to collect them into a mass of butter. Such difficulties can usually be overcome by ripening cream to higher acidity, churning at a higher temperature, and separating a thicker cream.

The churn should be stopped when the granules are about the size of wheat grain or split pea. When granules reach this size buttermilk is drawn off, allow to drain well, then wash with water at a temperature nearly the same as that of buttermilk or 1 or 2 degrees colder, adding about same amount as there was buttermilk; revolve churn 10 or 12 times at ordinary speed.

Salt may be added to butter in churn at the rate of 1 oz. to 1 pound of butter or by placing butter on table or working and working salt in with paddle or mechanical butter worker. It should be worked until salt is well distributed and butter is collected into a firm mass. When the butter has been sufficiently worked it should be printed into some desirable shape and size depending upon market and amount made at each churning. Butter should not be stored for any length of time before delivery unless one has cold storage facilities.

Temperature, care and cleanliness are three vital factors in good buttermaking. Therefore it is absolutely necessary that maker should have a few dairy thermometers on hand and watch the temperature. Be sure and use plenty of hot water in cleaning utensils so as to remove all dirt and grease. All wooden utensils should be cooled with cold water before being used. Otherwise butter will stick to sides.

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